

GD850-SFP-LC.M / GD850-SFP-LC.M (WT)

Multi-Mode 850nm 1xFC /GBE

Duplex SFP Transceiver

RoHS6 Compliant

Features

- ◆ Operating Data Rate up to 1.25Gbps
- ◆ 850nm VCSEL Laser Transmitter
- ◆ 550m with 50/125 μ m MMF
- 300m on 62.5/125 μ m MMF
- ◆ Single 3.3V Power Supply and LVTTL Logic
- Interface
- ◆ Hot-Pluggable SFP Footprint Duplex LC
- Connector Interface
- ◆ Class 1 FDA and IEC60825-1 Laser Safety Compliant
- ◆ Operating Case Temperature
- Standard: 0°C ~+70°C
- Industrial: -40°C ~+85°C
- ◆ Compliant with SFP MSA Specification



Applications

- ◆ Gigabit Ethernet
- ◆ Fiber Channel
- ◆ Switch to Switch Interface
- ◆ Other Optical Links

Ordering Information

Part No.	Data Rate	Fiber	Distance	Interface	Temperature	DDMI
GD850-SFP-LC.M*Note1	1.25Gbps	MMF	550m	LC	Standard	YES
GD850-SFP-LC.M (WT)	1.25Gbps	MMF	550m	LC	Industrial	YES

Note1: Standard version

*The product image only for reference purpose.

Regulatory Compliance*^{Note2}

Product Certificate	Certificate Number	Applicable Standard
TUV	R50135086	EN 60950-1:2006+A11+A1+A12+A2
		EN 60825-1:2014
		EN 60825-2:2004+A1+A2
UL	E317337	UL 60950-1
		CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-07
EMC CE	AE 50384190 0001	EN 55032:2012
		EN 55032:2015
		EN 55024:2010
		EN 55024:2010+A1
FCC	WTF14F0514417E	47 CFR PART 15 OCT., 2013
FDA	/	CDRH 1040.10
ROHS	/	2011/65/EU

Note2: The above certificate number updated to June 2018, because some certificate will be updated every year, such as FDA and ROHS. For the latest certification information, please check with Data Controls Inc..

Product Description

The GD850-SFP-LC.M series multi-mode transceivers are small form factor pluggable module for bi-directional serial optical data communications such as Gigabit Ethernet 1000BASE-SX and Fiber Channel FC-PH-2 for 100-M5-SN-1 and 100-M6-SN-1. It is with the SFP 20-pin connector to allow hot plug capability. This module is designed for multi-mode fiber and operates at a nominal wavelength of 850nm.

The transmitter section uses a Vertical Cavity Surface Emitted Laser (VCSEL) which is a Class 1 laser compliant according to International Safety Standard IEC 60825. The receiver section uses an integrated GaAs detector preamplifier (IDP) mounted in an optical header and a limiting post-amplifier IC.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	T _s	-40	+85	°C
Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	-0.5	3.6	V
Operating Relative Humidity		-	95	%

*Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device immediately.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	T _c	GD850-SFP-LC.M	0	+70	°C
		GD850-SFP-LC.M (WT)	-40	+85	
Power Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	3.15	3.3	3.45	V

Power Supply Current		I _{cc}			300	mA
Date Rate	GBE			1.25		Gbps
	FC			1.063		

Performance Specifications – Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
LVPECL Inputs(Differential)	V _{in}	500		2000	mVpp	AC coupled inputs*(note3)
Input Impedance (Differential)	Z _{in}	85	100	115	ohm	R _{in} > 100 kohm @ DC
TX Disable	Disable	2		V _{cc}	V	
	Enable	0		0.8		
TX FAULT	Fault	2		V _{cc} +0.3	V	
	Normal	0		0.5		
Receiver						
LVPECL Outputs (Differential)	V _{out}	370		2000	mVpp	AC coupled output*(note3)
Output Impedance (Differential)	Z _{out}	85	100	115	ohms	
RX_LOS	LOS	2		V _{cc} +0.3	V	
	Normal	0		0.8	V	
MOD_DEF (2:0)	VoH	2.5			V	With Serial ID
	VoL	0		0.5	V	

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
50μm Core Diameter MMF	L		550		m
Data Rate			1.063/1.25		Gbps
Transmitter					
Center Wavelength	λ _c	830	850	860	nm
Spectral Width (RMS)	Δλ			0.85	nm
Average Output Power*(note4)	P _{out}	-9.5		-3	dBm
Extinction Ratio*(note5)	ER	9			dB
Rise/Fall Time(20%~80%)	tr/tf			260	ps
Total Jitter*(note5)	T _J			0.43	UI
Output Optical Eye*(note5)	IEEE802.3z and ANSI Fiber Channel Compliant*(note7)				
TX Disable Assert Time	t _{off}			10	us
Receiver					
Center Wavelength	λ _c	760		860	nm
Receiver Sensitivity*(note6)	P _{min}			-17	dBm
Receiver Overload	P _{max}	-3			dBm

Return Loss		12			dB
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-18	dBm
LOS Assert	LOSA	-35			dBm
LOS Hysteresis ^{*(note8)}		1			dB

Note3: LVPECL logic, internally AC coupled.

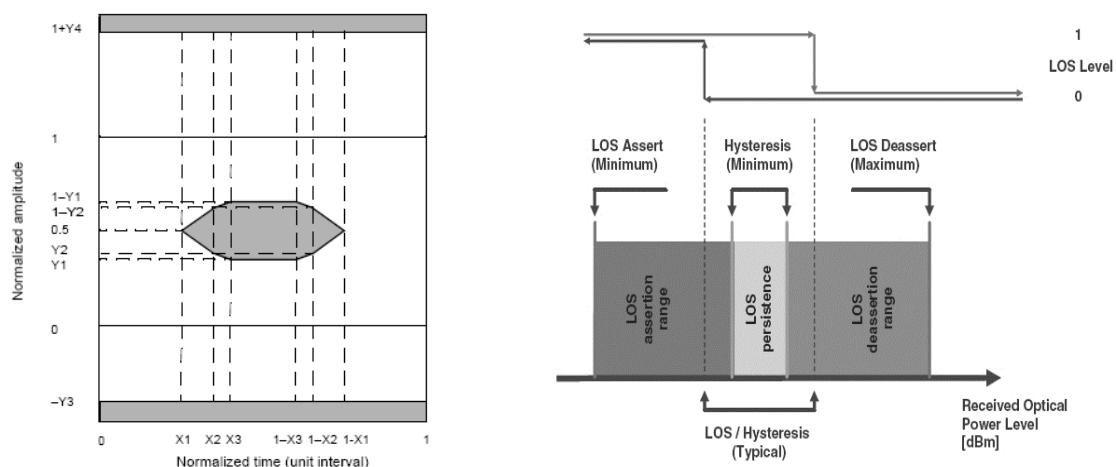
Note4: Output is coupled into a 62.5/125 mm multi-mode fiber.

Note5: Filtered, measured with a PRBS 2⁷-1 test pattern @1.25Gbps

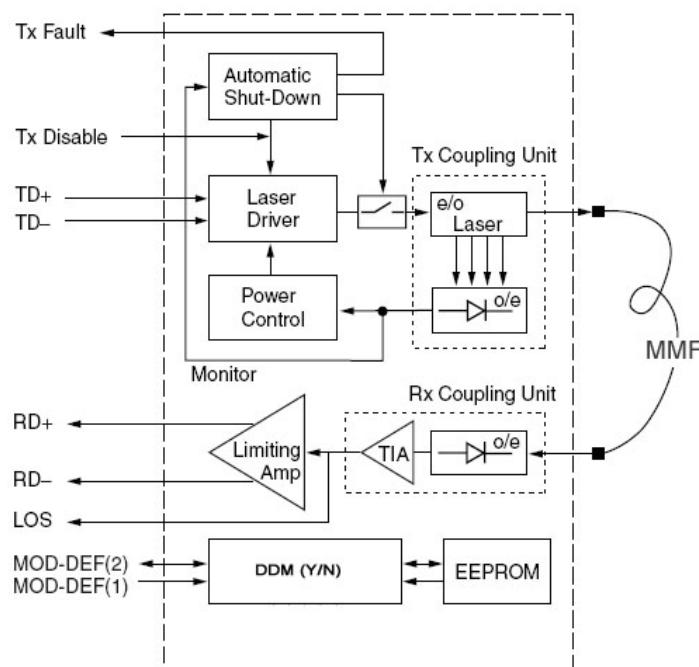
Note6: Minimum average optical power measured at BER less than 1E-12, with a 2⁷-1 PRBS and ER=9 dB.

Note7: Eye Pattern Mask

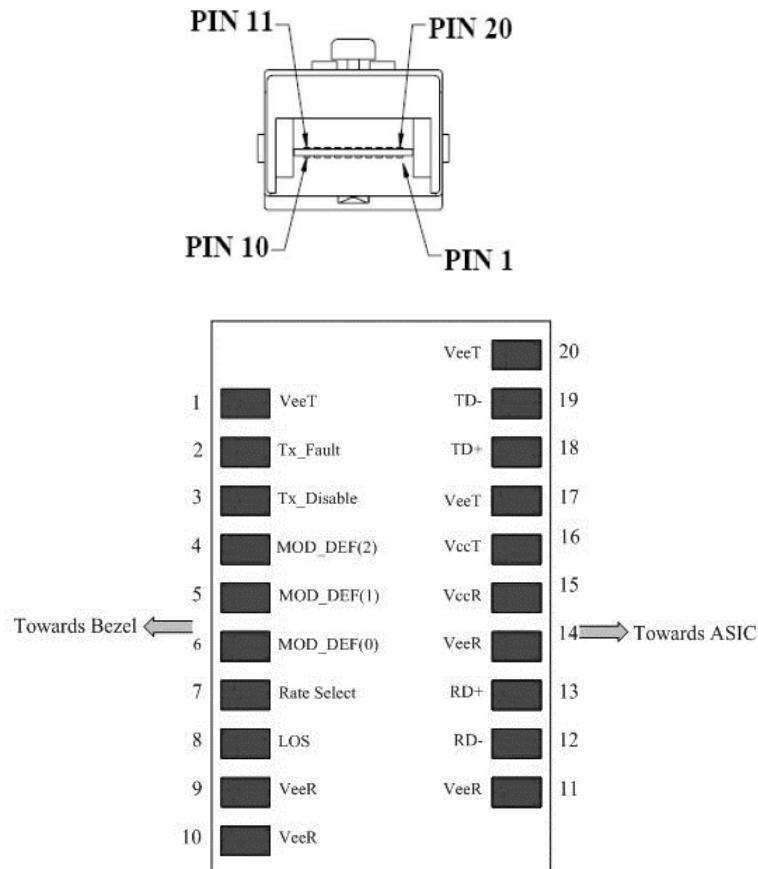
Note8: LOS Hysteresis



Functional Description of Transceiver



SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout



Pin Function Definitions

Pin Num.	Name	Function	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	1)
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	2) Module disables on high or open
4	MOD-DEF2	SDA	3	3) 2 wire serial ID interface.
5	MOD-DEF1	SCL	3	3) 2 wire serial ID interface.
6	MOD-DEF0	MOD_ABS	3	3) Grounded within the module.
7	Rate Select	Not Connect	3	Function not available
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	4)
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	6)

13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	7)
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	7) 3.3V ± 5%
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	7) 3.3V ± 5%
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	8)
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	8)
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)

Notes:

1) TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K – 10KΩ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kinds. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7K – 10 KΩ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 – 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7K – 10K resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR .

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

4) LOS is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K – 10KΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

5) VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.

6) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module.

7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300Ma. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30Ma greater than the steady state value.

VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.

8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

EEPROM

The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial I²C protocol. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not write protected within the SFP transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. If the module is defined as external calibrated, the diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2h. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field define as following .For detail EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF 8472 Rev 9.3.

2 wire address 1010000X (A0h)		2 wire address 1010001X (A2h)	
0	Serial ID Defined by SFP MSA (96 bytes)	0	Alarm and Warning Thresholds (56 bytes)
95	Vendor Specific (32 bytes)	55	Cal Constants (40 bytes)
127	Reserved (128 bytes)	95	Real Time Diagnostic Interface (24 bytes)
255		119	Vendor Specific (8 bytes)
		127	User Writable EEPROM (120 bytes)
		247	Vendor Specific (8 bytes)
		255	

EEPROM Serial ID Memory Contents

Accessing Serial ID Memory uses the 2 wire address 1010000X(A0h). Memory Contents of Serial ID are shown in Table 1.

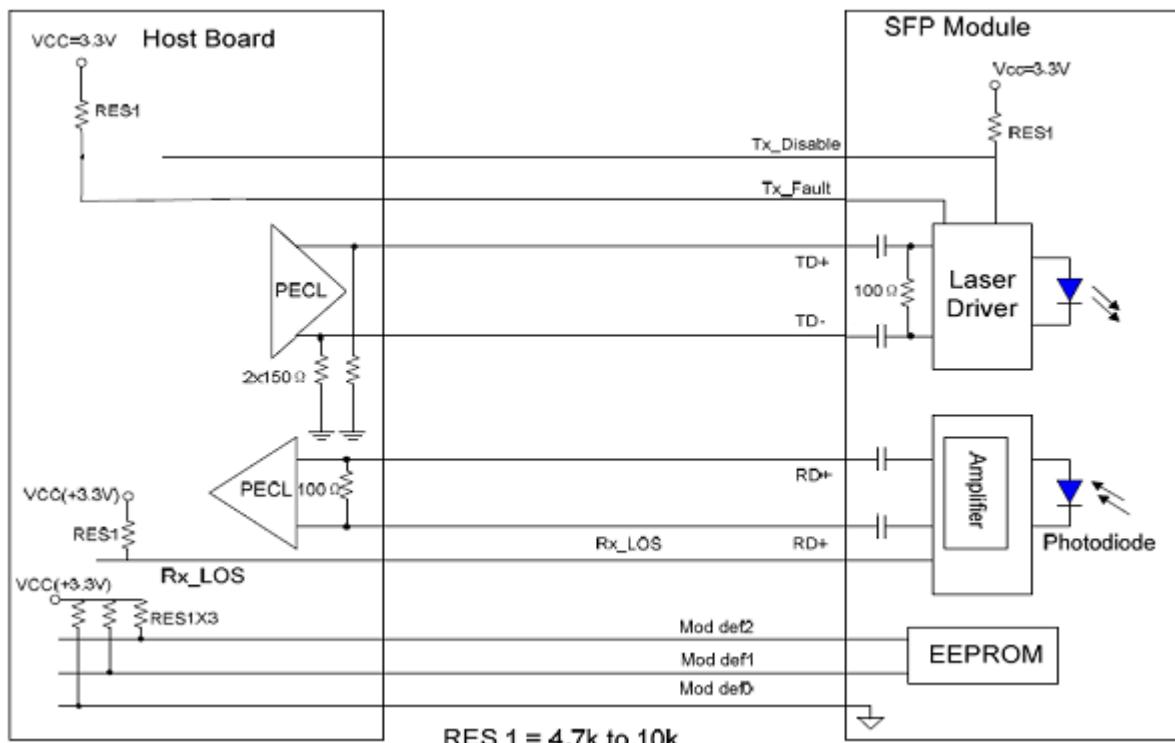
Table 1 Serial ID Memory Contents

Add.	Size (Bytes)	Name of Field	Hex	Description
BASE ID FIELDS				
0	1	Identifier	03	SFP
1	1	Ext. Identifier	04	SFP function is defined by serial ID only
2	1	Connector	07	LC Connector
3-10	8	Transceiver	00 00 00 01 20 40 0C 01	Transmitter Code
11	1	Encoding	01	8B10B
12	1	BR, Nominal	0C	1.25Gbps
13	1	Reserved	00	
14	1	Length (9µm) km	00	Transceiver Transmit Distance
15	1	Length(9µm)100m	00	
16	1	Length (50µm) 10m	37	
17	1	Length(62.5µm)10m	1E	
18	1	Length (Copper)	00	Not Compliant
19	1	Reserved	00	
20-35	16	Vendor Name	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX ^(note11)	Vendor name
36	1	Reserved	00	
37-39	3	Vendor OUI	XX XX XX ^(note9)	
40-55	16	Vendor PN	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX ^(note11)	GD850-SFP-LC.M
56-59	4	Vendor Rev	XX XX XX XX ^(note9)	
60-61	2	Wavelength	03 52	850nm
62	1	Reserved	00	
63	1	CC_BASE	XX ^(note9)	Check Code for Base ID Fields
EXTENDED ID FIELDS				
64-65	2	Options	00 1A	TX_DISABLE, TX_FAULT and Loss of Signal Implemented.
66	1	BR, max	00	

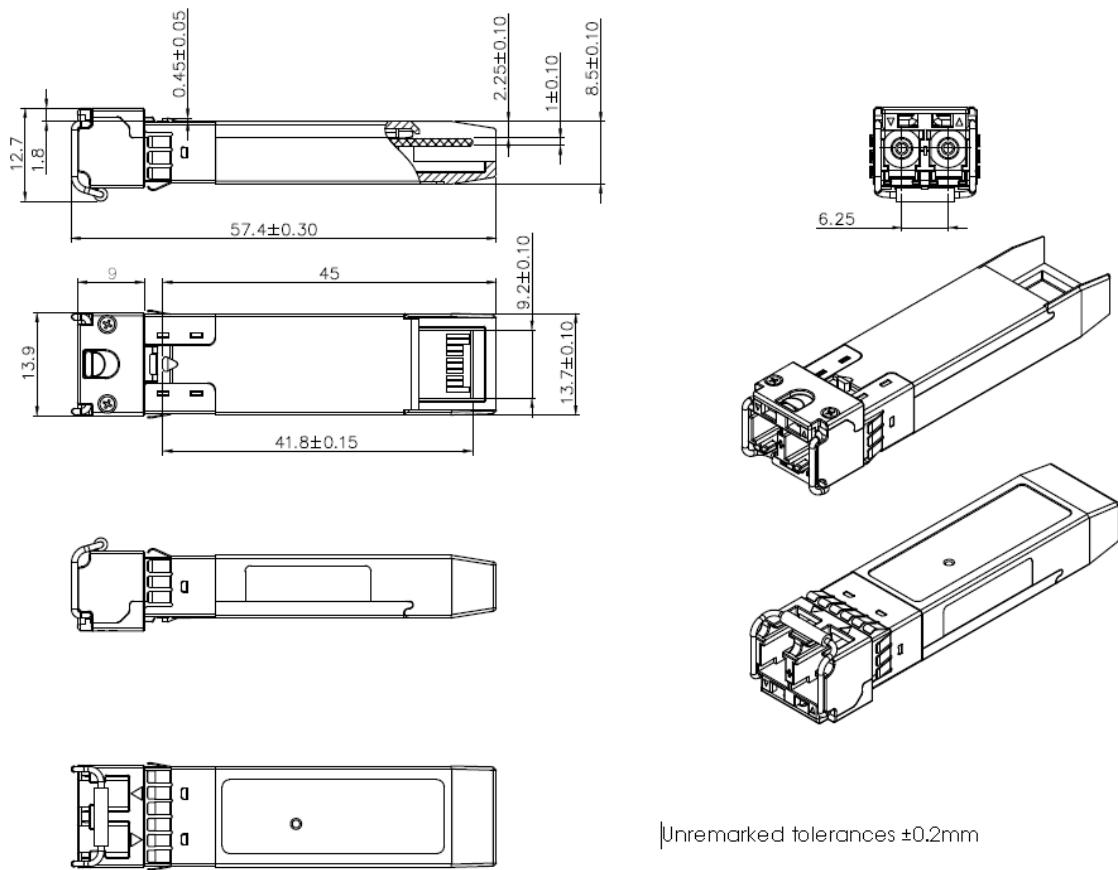
67	1	BR, min	00	
68-83	16	Vendor SN	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 ^(note9)	Serial Number of Transceiver (ASCII). For Example "B000822".
84-91	8	Date Code	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX ^(note9)	Manufactory Date Code. For Example "080405".
92	1	Diagnostic Monitoring Type	68	DD Implemented; Internally calibrated; Average Power
93	1	Enhanced Options	XX ^(note9)	Optional Flags
94	1	SFF_8472 Compliance	XX ^(note9)	01 for Diagnostics (Rev9.3 SFF-8472).
95	1	CC_EXT	Checksum	Checksum for Extended ID Field.
VENDOR SPECIFIC ID FIELDS				
96-127	32	Vendor Specific	Read Only	Depends on Customer Information
128-255	128	Reserved	Read Only	

Note9: The “XX” byte should be filled in according to practical case. For more information, please refer to the related document of SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA).

Recommended Circuit Schematic

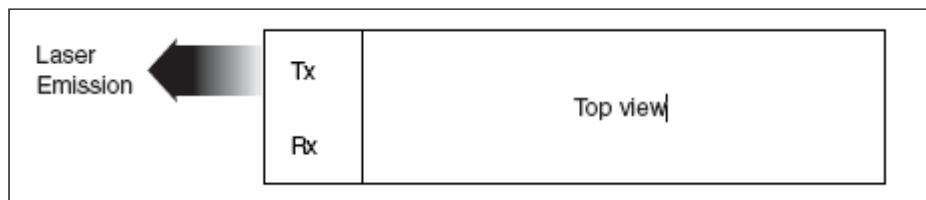


Mechanical Specifications



*This 2D drawing only for reference, please check with Data Controls Inc. before ordering

Laser Emission



Obtaining Document

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Or contact Data Controls Inc. Technology Inc., Ltd. Listed at the end of the documentation to get the latest documents.

Revision History

Revision	DCN	Release Date
V3.a	New version released.	Feb 8, 2010
V3.b	Update PN.	November 16,

		2010
V3.c	Update LVPECL	May 4, 2011
V4.a	Update circuit schematic, laser emission data.	July 11, 2011
V4.b	Update temp. range & photo.	Sep 15, 2011
V4.c	Update pin definition notes	Jan 23,2013
V4.d	Update the regulatory compliance, clear and definite internally calibrated in A0h.	Oct 21,2014
V4.e	Update the regulatory compliance and 2D drawing.	July 17, 2017
V4.f	Update the regulatory compliance.	August 7, 2018

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