

DB1310-SFP-SC.S20 DB1550-SFP-SC.S20

Single-Mode 155Mbps SC Single-Fiber SFP Transceiver RoHS6 Compliant



Features

- Support 155Mbps Data Links
- ◆ A type: 1310nm FP TX / 1550nm RX
 - B type: 1550nm FP TX / 1310nm RX
- 20km with 9/125 μm SMF
- ◆ Single 3.3V Power Supply and TTL Logic Interface
- Hot-Pluggable SFP Footprint SC/LC Connector
 Interface
- Class 1 FDA and IEC60825-1 Laser Safety Compliant
- Operating Case Temperature

Standard: 0°c~+70°c

Industrial: -40°c~+85°c

- ◆ Compliant with SFP MSA Specification
- ◆ Compliant with SFF 8472 MSA

Applications

- SONET OC-3 / SDH STM-1
- WDM Fast Ethernet Links
- Other Optical Links

Ordering information

Part No.	Data Rate	Wavelengt h	Interface	Temp.	DDMI
DB1310-SFP-SC.S20	100M~155Mbps	1310nm	SC	Standard	YES
DB1550-SFP-SC.S20	100M~155Mbps	1550nm	SC	Standard	YES
DB1310-SFP-SC.S20(WT)	100M~155Mbps	1310nm	SC	Industrial	YES
DB1550-SFP-SC.S20(WT)	100M~155Mbps	1550nm	SC	Industrial	YES



Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Standard	Performance
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) to the Electrical Pins	MIL-STD-883G Method 3015.7	Class 1C (>1000 V)
Electrostatic Discharge to the enclosure	EN 55024:1998+A1+A2 IEC-61000-4-2 GR-1089-CORE	Compliant with standards
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN55022:2006 CISPR 22B :2006 VCCI Class B	Compliant with standards Noise frequency range: 30MHz to 6GHz. Good system EMI design practice required to achieve Class B margins. System margins are dependent on customer host board and chassis design.
Immunity	EN 55024:1998+A1+A2 IEC 61000-4-3	Compliant with standards. 1KHz sine-wave, 80% AM, from 80MHz to 1GHz. No effect on transmitter/receiver performance is detectable between these limits.
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 EN (IEC) 60825-1:2007 EN (IEC) 60825-2:2004+A1	CDRH compliant and Class I laser product. TüV Certificate No. 50135086
Component Recognition	UL and CUL EN60950-1:2006	UL File E317337 TüV Certificate No. 50135086 (CB scheme)
RoHS6	2002/95/EC 4.1&4.2 2005/747/EC 5&7&13	Compliant with standards*note3

Note2: For update of the equipments and strict control of raw materials, DATA CONTROLS INC. has the ability to supply the customized products since Jan 1st, 2007, which meet the requirements of RoHS6 (Restrictions on use of certain Hazardous Substances) of European Union.

In light of item 5 in RoHS exemption list of RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC, Item 5: Lead in glass of cathode ray tubes, electronic components and fluorescent tubes.

In light of item 13 in RoHS exemption list of RoHS Directive 2005/747/EC, Item 13: Lead and cadmium in optical and filter glass. The three exemptions are being concerned for Data Controls Inc.'s transceivers, because Data Controls Inc.'s transceivers use glass, which may contain Pb, for components such as lenses, windows, isolators, and other electronic components.



Product Description

The DB1310/1550-SFP-SC.S20 is small form factor pluggable module for IEEE 802.3ah 100BASE-BX10 and OC-3/STM-1 SONET/SDH single fiber applications by using 1310 nm/1550nm(1550nm/1310nm) transmitter and 1550nm/1310nm(1310nm/1550nm) receiver. It is with the SFP 20-pin connector to allow hot plug capability.

The transmitter section uses a multiple quantum well A type / B type laser and is a class 1 laser compliant according to International Safety Standard IEC 60825. The receiver section uses an integrated A type/B type detector preamplifier (IDP) mounted in an optical header and a limiting post-amplifier IC.

The DB1310/1550-SFP-SC.S20 are designed to be compliant with SFF-8472.

Absolute Maximum Ratings*Note3

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	3.6	V
Operating Relative Humidity		-	95	%

^{*}Note3: Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device permanently.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter			Symbol		Typical	Max.	Unit
Operating Ca	se	TA	DB1310-SFP-SC.S20	0		+70	°C
Temperature		IA	DB1550-SFP-SC.S20				O
			DB1310-SFP-SC.S20(WT)	-40		+85	
			DB1550-SFP-SC.S20(WT)				
Power Supp	Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.15	3.3	3.45	٧
Power Supply Current		Icc				300	mA
Date Rate	OC-3				155		Mbps
Date Nate	100M				100		Mbps

Performance Specifications - Electrical

Param	eter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes		
	Transmitter								
LVPE Inputs(Diffe		Vin	400		2000	mVpp	AC coupled inputs*(note5)		
Input Impe (Differe		Zin	85	100	115	ohms	Rin > 100 kohms @ DC		
TV Die	Disable		2		Vcc+0.3	V			
TX_Dis	Enable		0		0.8	V			
TV FALLET	TV FALLE Fault		2		Vcc+0.3	V			
TX_FAULT	Normal		0		0.5]			
			Rece	iver					



SFP Series

LVPECL (•	Vout	400		2000	mVpp	AC coupled outputs*(note5)
· ·	Output Impedance (Differential)		85	100	115	ohms	
RX_LOS	LOS		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
KX_LO3	Normal		0		0.8	V	
MOD_DEF (0:2)		VoH	2		3.6	V	With Serial ID
		VoL	0		0.5	V	Willi Seliai iD

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

(DB1310-SFP-SC.S20, 1310nm FP and PIN, 20km)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
9µm Core Diameter SMF	L		20		km
Data Rate		100	155		Mbps
	Transmitter				
Center Wavelength	λc	1260	1310	1360	nm
Average Output Power*(note3)	Pout	-15		-8	dBm
Extinction Ratio*(note4)	ER	16		10	dB
Rise/Fall Time(20%~80%)	tr/tf			2	ns
Output Optical Eye*(note4)	IUT-T G.957 Compliant*(note7)				
TX_Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	□us
P _{out} @TX Disable Asserted	Pout			-45	dBm
	Receiver				
Center Wavelength	λο	1500	1550	1580	nm
Receiver Sensitivity*(note6)	Pmin			-34	dBm
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-8			dBm
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-35	dBm
LOS Assert	LOSA	-45			dBm
LOS Hysteresis*(note8)		0.5			dB

(DB1550-SFP-SC.S20, 1550nm FP and PIN, 20km)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	
9µm Core Diameter SMF	L		20		km	
Data Rate			155		Mbps	
	Transmitter					
Center Wavelength	λς	1500	1550	1580	nm	
Average Output Power*(note3)	Pout	-15		-8	dBm	
Extinction Ratio*(note4)	ER	16		10	dB	
Rise/Fall Time(20%~80%)	tr/tf			2	ns	
Output Optical Eye*(note4)	IUT-T G.957 Compliant*(note7)					
TX_Disable Assert Time	TX_Disable Assert Time t_off			10	us	
Pout@TX Disable Asserted	Pout			-45	dBm	
Receiver						



SFP Series

Center Wavelength	λс	1260	1310	1360	nm
Receiver Sensitivity*(note6)	Pmin			-34	dBm
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-8			dBm
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-35	dBm
LOS Assert	LOSA	-45			dBm
LOS Hysteresis*(note8)		0.5			dB

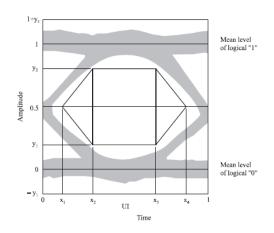
Note3: Output is coupled into a 9/125µm single-mode fiber.

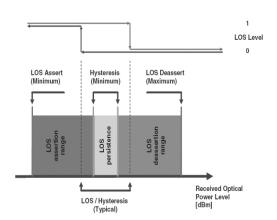
Note4: Filtered, measured with a PRBS 2²³-1 test pattern @155Mbps

Note5: LVPECL logic, internally AC coupled.

Note6: Minimum average optical power measured at BER less than 1E-10, with a 2²³-1 PRBS and ER=9 dB.

Note7: Eye Pattern Mask

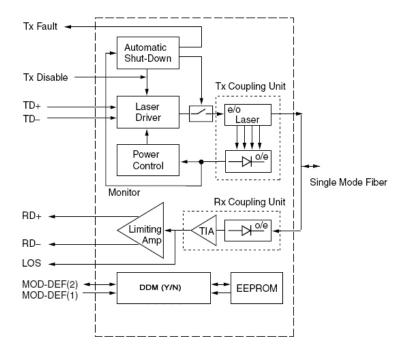




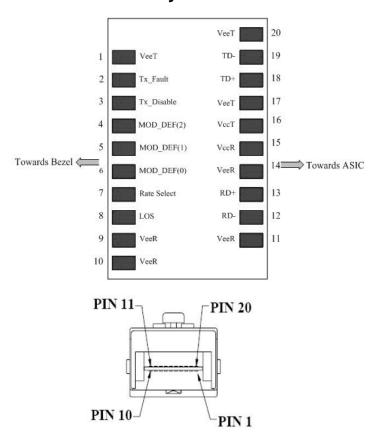
Note8: LOS Hysteresis



Functional Description of Transceiver



SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout





Pin Function Definitions

Pin Num.	Name	Function	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	1)
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	Module disables on high or open
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2	3	3) Data line for Serial ID.
5	MOD-DEF1	Module Definition 1	3	3) Clock line for Serial ID.
6	MOD-DEF0	Module Definition 0	3	3) Grounded within the module.
7	Rate Select	Not Connect	3	Function not available
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	4)
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	6)
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	6)
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	8)
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	8)
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)

Notes:

- 1) TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7K-10K\Omega$ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7-10~\text{K}\Omega$ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

- 3) Modulation Absent, connected to VEET or VEER in the module.
- 4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K 10KΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates



the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

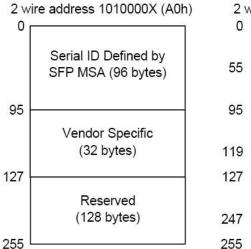
- 5) VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- 6) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400 and 2000 mV differential (200-1000mV single ended) when properly terminated.
- 7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
- 8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 400 2000mV (200 1000mV single-ended).

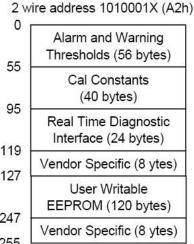
EEPROM

The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24C02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not write protected within the SFP transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

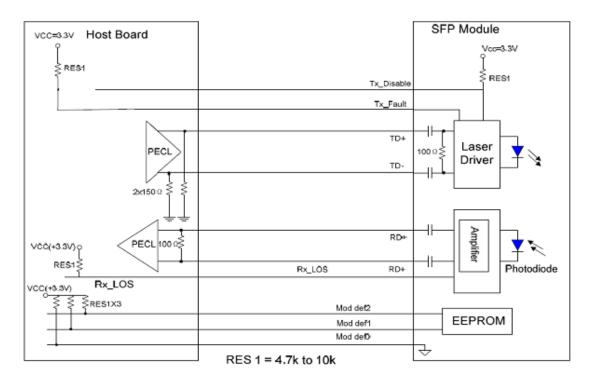
The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. If the module is defined as external calibrated, the diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2H. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field define as following .For detail EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF 8472 Rev 9.3.





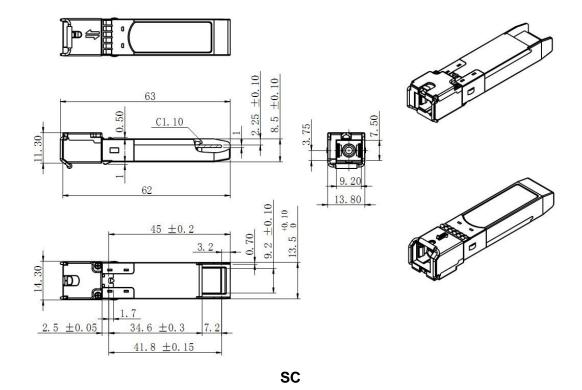


Recommend Circuit Schematic

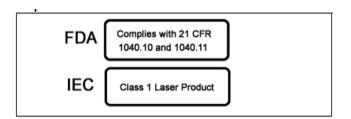




Mechanical Specifications



Class 1 Labels

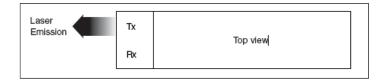


Laser Emission Data

Wavelength	1310nm
Total output power (as defined by FDA: 7mm aperture at 20cm distance)	<0.195mW
Total output power (as defined by IEC: 7mm aperture at 10cm distance)	<15.6mW
Beam divergence	12.5°
Wavelength	1550nm
Total output power (as defined by FDA: 7mm aperture at 20cm distance)	<0.79mW
Total output power (as defined by IEC: 7mm aperture at 10cm distance)	<10mW
Beam divergence	12.5°



Laser Emission



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Revision History

Revision	Revision History	Release Date
V1	Initial release	Nov 4, 2011
V1.a	Changed Format	Nov. 2017
V1.b	Changed Photo	Mar. 2018

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