

## IDxxxx-SFP-LC.S80 Series

Single-Mode CWDM up to 2.67Gbps Duplex SFP Transceiver RoHS6 Compliant

#### **Features**

- Operating data rate up to 2.67Gbps
- 18-Wavelength CWDM DFB LD Transmitter from
  - 1270nm to 1610nm, with Step 20nm
- Single 3.3V Power Supply and TTL Control Logic
  Interface
- Hot-Pluggable SFP Footprint Duplex LC Connector Interface
- Class 1 FDA and IEC60825-1 Laser Safety Compliant
- Operating Case Temperature

Standard: 0°C~+70°C

Extended: -20°C~+85°C

- Compliant with SFP MSA Specification
- Compliant with SFF-8472 Digital Diagnostic
  Monitor Interface

# CWDM SFP Series



#### **Applications**

- Fiber Channel Switch Infrastructure
- GBE/FE Links
- ♦ ATM Switches and Routers
- SONET / SDH Switch
- ♦ CPRI rate: 2.4576Gb/s
- Other optical links

#### Ordering Information

Part No.	Data Rate(Typ.)	Power budget	Interface	Temperature	DDMI
IDxxxx-SFP-LC.S80	2.67Gbps	≥29dB	LC	Standard	YES
IDxxxx-SFP-LC.S80(WT)	2.67Gbps	≥29dB	LC	Extended	YES

Note1: Standard version, X refer to CWDM Wavelength range 1270nm to 1610nm, A=1270, B=1290...R=1610.

## **CWDM**\*NOTE2 Wavelength

Band		Wavelength(nm)					
Ballu	Min.	Тур.	Max.				
	1264	1270	1277.5				
	1284	1290	1297.5				
O-band Original	1304	1310	1317.5				
onginal	1324	1330	1337.5				
	1344	1350	1357.5				
	1364	1370	1377.5				
	1384	1390	1397.5				
E-band Extended	1404	1410	1417.5				
LXIEnded	1424	1430	1437.5				
	1444	1450	1457.5				
	1464	1470	1477.5				
S-band Short	1484	1490	1497.5				
Wavelength	1504	1510	1517.5				
	1524	1530	1537.5				
C-band Conventional	1544	1550	1557.5				
L-band Long	1564	1570	1577.5				
	1584	1590	1597.5				
Wavelength	1604	1610	1617.5				

Note2: Wavelengths from 1270 nm to 1610 nm, with 20 nm span. Please contact DATA CONTROLS INC. to confirm the wavelength availability.

### Regulatory Compliance\*Note3

Product Certificate	Certificate Number	Applicable Standard
		EN 60950-1:2006+A11+A1+A12
TUV	R50135086	EN 60825-1:2007
		EN 60825-2:2004+A1+A2
	F947997	UL 60950-1
UL	E317337	CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-07
EMC CE		EN 55022:2010
	AE 50285865 0001	EN 55024:2010
СВ		IEC 60825-1
СВ	JPTUV-049251	IEC 60950-1
FCC	WTF14F0514437E	47 CFR PART 15 OCT., 2013
FDA	1331340-000	CDRH 1040.10
ROHS	RHS01G006464	2011/65/EU

Note3: The above certificate number updated to June 2014, because some certificate will be updated every year, such as FCC, FDA and ROHS. For the latest certification information, please check with Data Controls Inc..

### **Product Description**

The IDXXXX-SFP-LC.S80 series single mode transceivers is small form factor pluggable module for bi-directional serial optical data communications such as SONET OC-48 / SDH STM-16 / OC-12 / OC-3, Gigabit Ethernet 1000BASE, Fibre Channel 1x/2x SM-LC-L FC-PI. It is with the SFP 20-pin connector to allow hot plug capability.

This module is designed for single mode fiber and operates at a nominal wavelength of CWDM wavelength. There are eighteen center wavelengths available from 1270nm to 1610nm, with each step 20nm.

The transmitter section uses a multiple quantum well CWDM DFB laser and is a class 1 laser compliant according to International Safety Standard IEC-60825. The receiver section uses an integrated InGaAs detector preamplifier (IDP) mounted in an optical header and a limiting post-amplifier IC.

The IDXXXX-SFP-LC.S80 series are designed to be compliant with SFF-8472 Multi-source Agreement (MSA).

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	3.6	V
Operating Relative Humidity		-	95	%

\*Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device immediately.



## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

I	Parameter		Parameter Symbol		Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
Operating Case Temperature		т	IDxxxx-SFP-LC.S80	0	-	+70	°C	
Operating	g case remperature	Τc	IDxxxx-SFP-LC.S80(WT)	-20	-	+85	C	
Powe	r Supply Voltage		V <sub>CC</sub>	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	
Powe	r Supply Current		lcc	-	-	300	Ма	
	OC-48/STM-16				2.67			
	FEC				2.07			
	OC-48/STM-16			-	2.488	-	Gbps	
Dete	2FC			-	2.125	-	Gobs	
Date Rate	GBE			-	1.25	-		
Rale	FC			-	1.063	-		
	ATM			-	622	-		
	OC-3/STM-1			-	155	-	Mbps	
	FE			-	100	-		

### **Performance Specifications – Electrical**

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Мах	Unit	Notes		
	Transmitter								
CM Inputs(Diff		Vin	400		1600	mVpp	AC coupled inputs		
Input Impo (Differe		Zin	85	100	115	ohm	Rin > 100 kohm @ DC		
	Disable		2		Vcc+0.3	V			
TX_Dis	Enable		0		0.8	v			
	Fault		2		Vcc+0.3	V			
TX_FAULT	Normal		0		0.8	v			
			Rec	eiver					
CML Outputs (	(Differential)	Vout	400		1200	mVpp	AC coupled outputs*(Note6)		
Output Impedance (Differential)		Zout	85	100	115	ohm			
	LOS		2		Vcc+0.3	V			
RX_LOS	Normal		0		0.8	V			
	E ( 0.2 )	VoH	2.5			V	With Sorial ID		
MOD_DEI	「(∪.∠)	VoL	0		0.5	V	With Serial ID		

## **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

#### (CWDM DFB and APD, 29dB)

Paramete	r	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	
Power budg	et		29			dB	
Data Rate			0.1		2.67	Gbps	
	Tr	ansmitter					
Center Wavele	ngth	λс	λc–6	λc	λc+7.5	nm	
Spectral Width (-	20Db)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side Mode Suppres	sion Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Average Output Power @	)9/125um SMF	Pout	0		+5	dBm	
Extinction Ratio	∗(Note5)	EX	8.2			dB	
Rise/Fall Time(20%	‰∼80%)	tr/tf			150	ps	
Output Optical Ev	►*(Note5)	ANSI Fiber Channel and Gigabit Ethernet					
Output Optical Ey	e (Notes)	Compliant* <sup>(Note9)</sup>					
TX_Disable Asse	rt Time	t_off			10	□us	
Pout@TX Disable A	sserted	Pout			-45	dBm	
	F	Receiver					
Center Wavele	ngth	λc	1260		1600	nm	
	Multirate*(Note4)	Pmin			-29	dBm	
Sensitivity*(Note7)							
Receiver Over		Pmax	-9			dBm	
Return Los		12			dB		
Optical Path Pena				1	dB		
LOS De-Ass	LOSD			-30	dBm		
LOS Asser	t	LOSA	-42			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis*	(Note10)		0.5			dB	

Note4: Multirate:2.67Gb/s/OC-48/2X FC/1X FC/ OC-12/OC-03/GE/FE.

Note5: Filtered, measured with a PRBS 2<sup>23</sup>-1 test pattern @2.5Gbps.

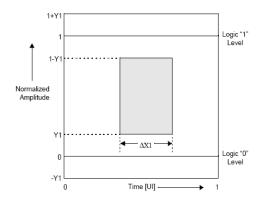
Note6: CML logic, internally AC coupled.

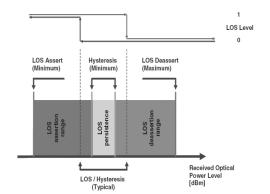
Note7: Minimum average optical power measured at BER less than 1E-12 and ER=9Db.

Note8: Measured with a PRBS 2<sup>23</sup>-1 tests pattern @2.5Gbps, BER ≤1×10<sup>-12</sup>.

Note9: Eye Pattern Mask

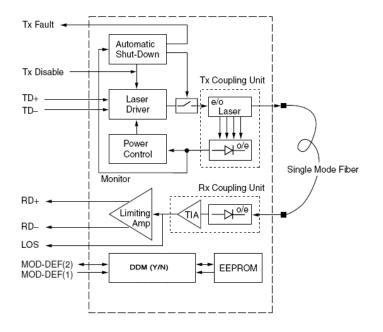
Note10: LOS Hysteresis



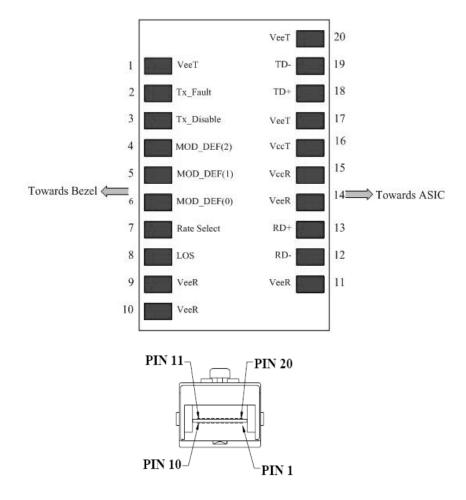




### **Functional Description of Transceiver**



### SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout



#### **Pin Function Definitions**

Pin Num.	Name	Function	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	1)
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	2) Module disables on high or open
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2	3	3) Data line for Serial ID.
5	MOD-DEF1	Module Definition 1	3	3) Clock line for Serial ID.
6	MOD-DEF0	Module Definition 0	3	3) Grounded within the module.
7	Rate Select	Not Connect	3	Function not available
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	4)
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	6)
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	6)
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	8)
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	8)
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)

#### Notes:

1) TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K - 10K\Omega$  resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7 - 10 \text{ K}\Omega$  resistor. Its states are: Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7K – 10K□□resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR .

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present



Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K - 10K\Omega$  resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

5) VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.

6) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled  $100\Omega$  differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400 and 2000 Mv differential (200 –1000 Mv single ended) when properly terminated.

7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300Ma. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30Ma greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.

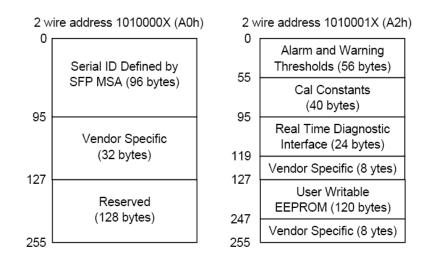
8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 400 - 2000Mv (200 - 1000Mv single-ended).



#### EEPROM

The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24C02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not writing protected within the SFP transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. If the module is defined as external calibrated, the diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 - 95 at wire serial bus address A2H. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field define as following .For detail EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF 8472 Rev 9.3.



### **EEPROM Serial ID Memory Contents**

Accessing Serial ID Memory uses the 2 wire address 1010000X(A0). Memory Contents of Serial

ID are shown in Table 1.

Addr.	Size (Bytes)	Name of Field	Hex	Description			
		BASE	D FIELDS				
0	1	Identifier	03	SFP			
1	1	Ext. Identifier	04	SFP function is defined by serial ID only			
2	1	Connector	07	LC Connector			
3-10	8	Transceiver	XX	Transmitter Code			
11	1	Encoding	03	NRZ			
12	1	BR, Nominal	XX <sup>(Note11)</sup>				
13	1	Reserved	00				
14	1	Length (9µm)km	XX				
15	1	Length(9µm)100m	00	Transceiver transmit			
16	1	Length (50µm) 10m	00	distance			
17	1	Length(62.5µm)10m	00				
18	1	Length (Copper)	00	Not compliant			
19	1	Reserved	00				
20-35	16	Vendor name	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX X				
			XX XX XX XX (Note11)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
36	1	Reserved	00				
37-39	3	Vendor OUI	XX XX XX <sup>(Note11)</sup>				
40-55	16	Vendor PN		Transceiver part number			
56-59	4	Vendor rev	XX XX XX XX XX <sup>(Note11)</sup>				
60-61	2	Wavelength	XX XX <sup>(Note11)</sup>	CWDM			
62	1	Reserved	00				
00	4		Check Sum	Check code for Base ID			
63	1	CC_BASE	(Variable)	Fields			
		EXTENDE	D ID FIELDS				
				TX_DISABLE, TX_FAULT			
64-65	2	Options	00 1A	and Loss of Signal			
				implemented.			
66	1	BR,max	00				
67	1	BR,min	00				
			XX XX XX XX XX XX	Serial Number of			
68-83	16	Vendor SN	XX XX 20 20 20 20	transceiver (ASCII). For			
			20 20 20 20 <sup>(Note11)</sup>	example "B000822".			
84-91	8	Date code	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX	Manufactory date code.			

#### **Table 1 Serial ID Memory Contents**

Data Controls Inc.

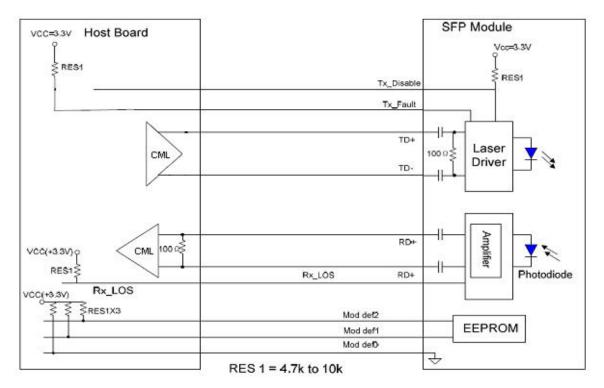


# **CWDM SFP Series**

			XX XX <sup>(Note11)</sup>	For example "080405".
92	1	Diagnostic	XX(Note11)	Digital diagnostic
92	Ι	Monitoring Type		monitoring implemented
93	1	Enhanced Options	XX <sup>(Note11)</sup>	Optional flags
94	1	SFF_8472	XX(Note11)	01 for diagnostics (Rev9.3
94	Ι	Compliance	~~(	SFF-8472).
95	1	CC EXT	Check Sum	Check sum for Extended ID
90	Ι	CC_EXT	(Variable)	Field.
		VENDOR SPE	CIFIC ID FIELDS	
96-127	32	Vendor Specific	Read only	Depends on customer
90-127	52		iteau only	information
128-255	128	Reserved	Read only	

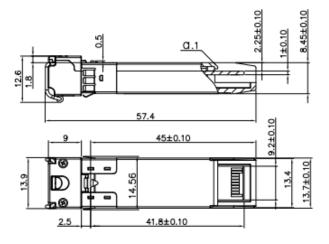
Note11: The "xx" byte should be filled in according to practical case. For more information, please refer to the related document of SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA).

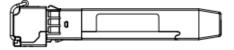
### **Recommend Circuit Schematic**

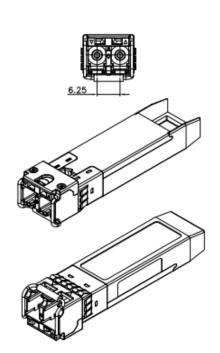




### **Mechanical Specifications**







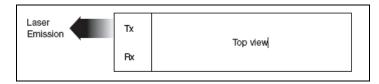


Unremarked tolerances  $\pm 0.2$  mm

### **Laser Emission Data**

Wavelength	>1260nm
Total output power (as defined by FDA: 7mm aperture at 20cm distance)	<0.79Mw
Total output power (as defined by IEC: 7mm aperture at 10cm distance)	<10Mw
Beam divergence	12.5°

#### Laser Emission



### **Obtaining Document**

You can visit our website: www.dci.jp Or contact Data Controls Inc. Listed at the end of the documentation to get the latest documents.



#### **Revision History**

Revision	Revision History	Release Date
V2	Released.	August 2017

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### Contact:

**Data Controls Inc.** E-mail:info@dci.jp http://www.dci.jp